

Deep Learning Based Convolutional Neural Networks for Indian Currency Classification

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***Abstract:** Innovations and advancements in technology have replaced human manual work across all areas connected with the use of technology. Recognition of paper money is essential to a variety of areas in automated systems for generating income from merchandise and banks. In today's world of moving to automated recurrent designs, a proper identification of banknotes is an important requirement. The machines often struggle with finding and recognizing currency in the market, while they are found to be hazy and damaged. It's difficult for humans who have visual impairments who have no technological support or assistance, to anticipate analyzing actual notes. The authenticity of the note evaluation has been improved and improved by the use from these mathematical models. Our research methods are in line with and can meet your goals. The article provides an evaluation of forecasting for Indian paper currency, and also proposes an improved version that can recognize currency effectively. This Deep Learning technique of CNN model has enhanced the ability to evaluate the financial market's popularity, with greater performance, accuracy and speed and a fully automate zed method with no human input and minimal difficulty.*

KEY WORDS- Currency Prediction, Currency Analysis, Deep Learning, Keras, Convolution Neural Network (CNN), Heroku

I. INTRODUCTION

We propose to create a new strategy for speedy processing of Indian

currency notes that are foreign in nature using the convolution neural network (CNN) collection of guidelines. Our approach aims at providing accurate and timely scheduling of various varieties of Indian money notes in foreign currency which will facilitate the efficient coordination and verification across different establishments.

The first examination can be utilized to detect and distinguish the value of money, particularly money. But, the perception power of the eyes is also quite constrained. While new technologies that are based on UV are being used in practice [17] the number of variations that are being created and new models, it's becoming increasingly difficult to differentiate between fake models and those that are verified. The primary reason for the device is to help ordinary people in identifying unique financial documents that have high-quality, accurate and reliable outcomes. In the current technological age this contribution provides a straightforward evaluation of different deep learning techniques and also assists Web Flask and Heroku to aid in the preparation of financial

documents as well as traditional designs based upon unique techniques for mastering the device.

Today, thanks to the advancement of photo processing techniques an innovative method of identification is developed through investigating the security specifics of funds that are highly recommended. In particular, what's generally used is based on facts. This demonstrates the need for additional facts that are difficult to obtain. The strategies for earning money make use of information enhancement through the utilization of image evaluation, image enhancement and similar techniques.

Most currencies around the globe represent something particular and thus have distinctive definitions. Like the size of the document, subtleties of the printing, the appearance and many more. It is a challenge to understand various financial concepts is not an easy task particularly for those who work in an open-office commercial.

So, the system is vital in order to identify the money given in an ethical and sustainable manner. The tangible items included in the paper currency have a crucial role to assist to make a difference. Based on previous

research we have discovered that the most pleasant method is to learn about the money and be conscious of things that can be seen in them.

II LITERATURE REVIEW

1). Zhang, Q., Yan, W. Q., Kankan Halli, M. (2019). A brief overview of the process for recognizing currencies with deep learning. Journal of Banking and Financial Technology. Institute for Development and Research in Banking Technology 2019.

Human visual devices can be utilized to comprehend and recognize foreign currency notes. But our ability to share information is not sufficient and often it is difficult to comprehend the actual value of money without technology support. Methods for deep learning proved to be effective and reliable for a variety of packages. They've outperformed the capabilities of human eyes, despite using huge numbers of statistical data. Therefore, deep study is utilized to increase the precision of analysis on financials. Following a thorough examination of the latest accounts, the financial statement is then reviewed.

We provide a detailed analysis of these financial documents.

Additionally, we tackle the crucial task of increasing the amount of information available. Our solutions are the combination of learning deep understanding of techniques like CNN, SSD, MLP and more. We're also launching the process of applying the deep study of finance to improve the current situation. This paper provides feasible guidelines for future study.

2) . Kamal, S., Chawla, S. S., Goel, N., Raman, B. (2015). The feature is extraction, and recognition for Indian note currency. 2015 Fifth National Conference on Computer Vision, Pattern Recognition, Image Processing and Graphics (NCVPRIPG).

Cash that is counterfeited can be a problem for nearly all countries that are under the economic control, including of India. Foreign currency counterfeiting is one of the major problems facing India. In the past, the best Reserve Bank of India printing presses were permitted to print foreign currency notes. Today, anyone can print notes on currency with the help of various technology, including shade laser printers, replica era and

scanner technology. Because of these advancements in technology that have led to counterfeit currency, it has grown to be the biggest problem to this Indian banking system. Thus, an affordable counterfeiting device for banknotes is essential. The proposed device fake Indian money could be detected regularly by imaging processing. Lab VIEW is a Lab VIEW tool can be utilized to create India's financial protection.

3). Sarfraz, Muhammad (2015). An intellectual Paper legal tender appreciation System.

The C Paper Cash Popularity (PCR) is a crucial area of reputation for samples. A cash reputation machine for paper is an example of a smart instrument that's an essential requirement of modern technology in today's global markets. The machine has a variety of capacity options that include electronic bank accounts, currency tracking mechanisms as well as forex machines and other such things. This article suggests an automatic identification of paper currency. The method of detecting papers that are worth money has been introduced. It is entirely based on thrilling capabilities as well as the

connection between pictures. It utilizes the radial basis characteristic networks for classes. This method uses the example that uses Saudi paper money to provide an example. This method is very precise in regards to accuracy. It takes 110 snaps that include 10, tilted at angles less than 15o. The rest of the money images are blended photos that comprise normal and noisy snaps, each with 50. The 4th sequence (1984-2007) of foreign exchange that was issued by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency (SAMA) as the base for under study. It has a recognition rate at 95.37 percentages, 91.Sixty five%, and 87.5 percentages for daily tilted images, noisy images, as well as tilted photos according to. The average popularity ratio for 100 and ten image data are estimated to ninety one. Fifty 1 percent. The algorithm proposed is entirely automated and does not need any intervention from humans. This technique has the top results when it comes to the reputation of the company and its performance.

[4] Nijil Raj N, Anandu S Ram, Aneeta Binoos Joseph, Shabna S, Indian Currency Vision Through

Deep Learning for Visually Impaired Using VGG16, International Journal of Innovative Technology and Engineering (IJRTE) July

So, we've created an aid to help visually impaired persons to be aware of distinct varieties of Indian currency using an in-depth learning method. Our proposed contest will see the banknotes that have special places are fed instantly in VGG sixteen, which is a pre-schooling convolution neural network version which extracts the deep abilities. Our solution ensures that visually impaired individuals are in a position to recognize different kinds of Indian foreign currency.

[5] Chinmay Bhurke¹, Meghan Sirdeshmukh², Prof. Mrs. M.S. Kanitkar³, Currency Recognition Using Image Processing, May 2015

There are over 200 unique currencies that are used in distinct countries across the globe. Technology for recognizing currency aims to discover and identify the visible and unnoticed characteristics of the paper currency for accurate categorizing. Foreign money recognition and conversion technology is developed to reduce the

amount of human power required to determine the quantity of economic cost for fore and then convert it to other currencies, without the need for human supervision. The program interface that suggested here may be used to convert currencies of different types (we utilize 4 for our business). There are times when currencies become damaged or blurred; many of them come with modern security features. The monetary reputation method extremely challenging. Therefore, it becomes crucial to determine the right capabilities and suitable guidelines for

The essential requirements for a system of rules that can be considered to be almost practical are simplicity, lesser complicated and high speed effectiveness. The primary goal is to develop a simple but effective algorithm that is capable of being useful in many different currencies due to the reality that each currency has its own security features that make it a difficult to expand a list of rules that could be applied to the ability to determine all available money. Making specific notes for each individual is also a difficult

task. The purpose of this mission is to recognize currencies however, not to be able to verify.

III System Analysis

Existing Systems:

They relied on visual guide examination, but this proved to be an insufficiently accurate.

Recognition systems based on UV can be found, but could also fail against advanced counterfeits.

Past paintings utilized images processing, Open CV and different ML styles, including CNN, Dense Nets, and other such ML fashions. In order to solve the issue.

Limitations:

The accuracy is limited by ninety two to one hundred percent for older models.

It is not possible to increase beyond the saturation point.

Models that is computationally expensive.

It is possible to fail with broken or old tickets.

Proposed System:

It uses a custom CNN model, with a tailored structure.

It makes use of facts augmentation, dropout for regularization.

It is hosted via the Flask internet app for short access.

It gives each a class end result as well as a similarity index.

Advantages:

The highest accuracy is ninety nine.14 percent.

Accelerate the process.

Find out the age of old, revealed as well as fake note cards.

Similarity index, in turn verify the categorical.

Easy-to-use internet interface.

Security against cyber attacks with CSRF tokens.

Disadvantages:

Needs a large volume of up-to-date incorrect information in order to keep it's the effectiveness.

Updates are required on a regular basis because counterfeiting technology is constantly evolving.

The detection of anomalies and outliers is possible with advanced.

IV Data Set Description

Case diagrams for the conduct model inside the machine can also assist builders to understand the needs of their customers. The tree man is the

concept of an actor. The use case diagram can help to get a common view of the system and to clarify that is able to do it and, in particular, what they cannot accomplish. Use case diagrams include actors as well as use cases as well as the interactions between actors and use cases.

The goal is to represent the interaction between the user case as well as the user.

The device's needs are represented by the perspective of the individual.

The actor may be the individual who is the device's owner or a device that is outside.

The data set contains 377 images of the seven classes of Indian currency notes. The information is compiled using Google pix as well as Shutterstock photos. This version is focused on forecasting the percent of positive pictures that are related to the particular elegance which could be utilized to comprehend the Indian notice's type through the image or live-time programs. The data is waiting impatiently because it is photograph-type information

comprising 7 different kinds of banknotes used in Indian currency; these images don't shrink to a non-married size, and can be found in one in a few proportions. To improve our results, we've chosen real cash for the data source. In the video recording method, the coins have to be seen in precisely lighting conditions, both facing forwards and backwards, in order in order to allow for more accurate forecasts.

The data is divided into three categories, which include the testing, training as well as validation set. However, this quantity of data is not sufficient to allow for deep understanding of the approach. In the strategy to obtain better education outcomes, we implemented the information augmentation process on our unique statistical elements and created the brand new data shape by using this technique to

Over learning is a good thing; however it doesn't always suffice because our evolving examples are extremely identical.

A key aspect to recognize in fighting against over learning should be the highest entropic limit of our machine-learning device with regard to the amount of data it's allowed to store. An algorithm that is able to store large amounts of data is likely to be more precise with more features; however it's more vulnerable to start storing useless features. In contrast, one with a limited capacity to store functions must focus on the major dispositions operating in the data, and they are mostly constructed using a technique that is more than conceivable to actually be useful and also to be theorized under the higher level.

To accomplish this we taught five techniques, including dash for an even base size and randomly orientated cutting growing, rotation at random and a randomly adjusted colour based completely on the adjustment.

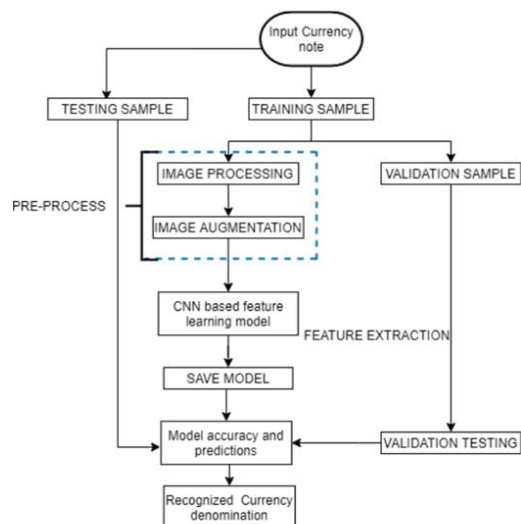
Dropouts also trigger the process of reducing over learning by preventing a thin layer of a model from looking at similar styles twice which allows it to simulate an approach that is similar to the augmentation of facts.



Dataset

V System Design

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE



INPUT AND OUTPUT DESIGN

INPUT DESIGN

The entrance design acts as the link between the information system and the customer. The specification is in the process of being developed as are the methods for coaching statistics and the steps required to put information about transactions into an

appropriate format to process is possible by examining the computer to look at the information from a report published or unveiled or could be accomplished by asking human beings to perform the process. The key information at once in the system. This design has a specialization in managing the volume of input needed, managing mistakes, delaying the effects of delays, eliminating unnecessary steps, while keeping the speed and ease of use. Front design was designed to provide convenience and security while maintaining the privacy. The front design was thought of in these aspects:

What data should we enter in order to enter?

What are the requirements for information been organized or codified?

S Communication with employees of manual service with their feedback.

Strategies for preparing input validations as well as procedures to follow when the error happens.

OBJECTIVES

1. Input design is the method to convert a description of the input that

is oriented towards consumers of input to the computer system. The layout helps avoid errors in the procedure of information access and also to indicate the correct route to get relevant information inside the computer machine.

2. The way to accomplish this is by developing screens that allow inputting records and handling a large number of data. The goal of the design is to help make the process of entering records effortless and error-free. The information access display has been created in a so that every single data manipulations are possible. Also, there are report-viewing facilities.

3. When the data is recorded, the validity of the data can be verified. Information can be entered through display screens. The appropriate messages are provided when required to ensure the customer doesn't feel immediately degraded. Therefore, the purpose behind access layout is to develop an entry format that's easily understood.

OUTPUT DESIGN

The most pleasing end product is one that conforms to the needs of the

giving to person, and also provides documents with confidence. Any machine has outcomes of the processing process are sent to the customer and other machine via outputs. In the process of designing outputs you must decide how the data should move to meet the demands of rapid needs, in addition to outputs on paper. It is an essential record that is immediately targeted at the end user. A smart and efficient output design enhances machine courting process to help the user make a better selection.

1. The advancement of computing must be implemented in a planned and thoughtful method; the most appropriate result should be crafted by designing each outcome to ensure that humans understand how to use the gadget easily and efficiently. While studying the layout of the design of an IT output, the user has been conscious of the exact specifications for output that meet demands.

2. Select the display method for statistics.

3. Create documents, records or any other format that contains details that are uploaded to the computer.

The kind of gadget that produces statistics output has to be in line with at least one of the next targets.

Include information regarding beyond performance today's fame or forecasts. Future.

Send out signals about important situations, possible problems, or issues.

Start a new folder.

Verify the date.

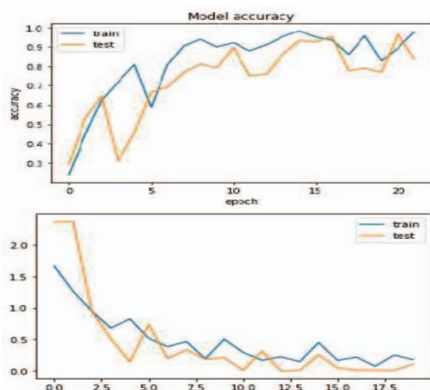
VI Deep Learning Model Accuracy Techniques

The most popular and final goal of a currency's authentication is to identify fraudulent foreign currencies. The security of a fully-functional currency can identify the genuine and fraudulent foreign currency. Dormant and built-in watermarks as well as protection attempts and the use of optically variable ink are emphasized in the fundamental security. There have been numerous attempts to resolve the central capability that causes the foreign money recognition challenge. These include the use of Open CV-based image processing techniques and methods that use history-based tests on multiple fact

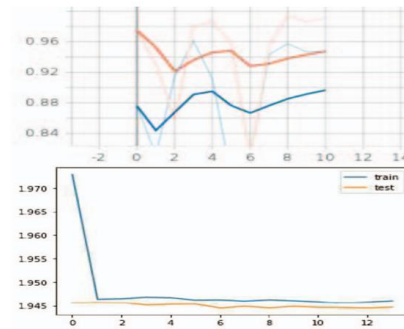
networks. Deep understanding of this can be used to determine the kind and authenticity of the paper currency. In accordance with previous research as well as the applicable research (bag of perfectly worded words and a schematic representation of a histogram of oriented gradients contrast based on color using delta-E metric method with pattern-based matching) the normal accuracy was 100 percent; different parameters were used too. Important digits were identified with the accuracy of 97.2 percent, which are a TP cost of 95.11 percentages and a FPS rate of zero.097 percentage for crucial numbers 2. Assistive technology that allows individuals who are visually or blind impaired to enhance and improve their overall quality of life. They can do everyday tasks without assistance. A different method is through N. A. Jasmin Sufri, N. A. Rahmad, and M. A. As'ari N. A. Zakaria, M. N. Jamaludin L. H. Ismail and N. H. Mahmood for Malaysian the ringgit currency term, in which the classification criteria are value in RGB for the denominations used in the language of Malaysian for ex. They used DTC as well as KNN to

improve the model. It was able to achieve the accuracy of 99.76 percent. A robust and reliable green factor strategy for price tag tickets based recognition techniques within SURF Features which means that the prices ticket images could be formalized so that it stumbles upon a point of fascination which can aid in the making a match between descriptors as well as sources primarily built on images of billets [11]. The work proposed is to create is an Indian foreign currency recognition system which, through choosing the features that are most engaging that are based on a complete digital representation of the distribution of currency as well as a national-oriented brand and an identity-based logo, and a primary colour strip that tests the creative and prescient aspect of the machine that is used for denomination-specific price ticket data by utilizing a range of methods of learning and a deep mastering technique. Both SVM as well as BC are efficient and reliable. And stable performance inside the sorting of databases within three distinctive local domain names, in comparison the KNN and DTC

methods with ninety nine.7 percent (6%). Alexnet was unable to place the new database into the correct orientation for assessment. However, it managed to do it with the same accuracy as the one used with the same orientation. Given the limitation of sensors, the current studies dealing with sensor-based completely designed systems incorporating a range of electrical components and predicted effects aren't scientifically accurate. Our system creates classifiers to take advantage of the specific capabilities of currencies that analyze the direction as well as the length of pix. The device can be used on the web with using a different heroku API as well as hosted versions and provides good quality and accuracy.



Accuracy vs Epoch & Loss vs Epoch before parameter optimisation



Accuracy vs Epoch & Loss vs Epoch after parameter optimisation

VII CONCLUSION

In this architectural design algorithm paper, we've created a very imaginative and prescient-based technique that is able to apprehend and classify the specific traits of Indian forex, such as old notes, notes which have been crumpled and brand new notes the use of detection of traits. . . . We teach a CNN version of the consequences of our experiments more accurate via setting apart layer traits layer-by using-layer from the picture database. Education and checking accuracy of the statistics has been derived as ninety nine.86 percent and 99.14 percent in each case. In comparison to previous work, gives the high-quality outcomes the usage of strategies of time-ingestion that contain dense neural networks in addition to an ANN VGG16, VGG19, and the like. In the case of improvement, it's far a chunk crowded after a certain quantity of iterations and the version will become overloaded. We

selected to increase as well as host our template in a Flask web-based utility that runs on Heroku. Users can choose a photograph the usage of the device, or take it with an automated camera. The photograph uploaded can be stored inside Amazon S3's Amazon S3 bucket for prediction processing. The application also makes use of CSRF tokens to shield in opposition to CSRF attacks as well as Sentry to perceive the hazard inside the backend. When you upload the picture then the expected effects could be proven as a bar graph the use of an index of similarity.

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